THE DAILY CONFEDERATE.

OLD SERIES, VOL. V.

RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 18, 1864.

VOL. I—No. 148.

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

A. M. GORMAN & CO., Proprietors.

DAILY EDITION, for 6 months $15
" " " 3 " 9
" " " 1 " 3
TRI-WEEKLY, for 6 months 9
" " " 3 " 5
WEEKLY EDITION, for 6 months 5
No subscriptions received on any other terms than the above, nor for a longer or shorter period.

From the Conservative.

The "K. G. A.'s"---Further Disclosures.

The veritable existence of this confederation of traitors and conspirators having been fully established, the further discussion of a doubt that might be ventured, as to its being a living, moving reality, is not admissible.—Even the Salem *Press*, we doubt not, will admit there is some sort of a secret organization in the State.

The following "acknowledgment" will speak for itself:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
CHATHAM COUNTY. }

This day came before me, R. C. Council, one of the acting Justices of the peace in and for said county and State, Benjamin Johnston of said county, and made a free and voluntary acknowledgment to the following: That about two months ago he was told to come up to the house where the old man James Wilson lived and died, and perhaps he would find something that would do him good some time, and he went, and Orin Churchhill initiated him, and Burton Holland was present at the time, and was looking out to see if any person was likely to come about them; and the said Churchhill, there and then, gave him the signs and grips and passwords of the organization as follows: Degree 1st—The two fore fiingers of the right hand across the mouth. 2d. The left hand close to the left breast, and the right hand to the mouth The grips: You shake hands in the usual way, and when you part hook your fore-fingers in each other. The password is "*Three.*" When a brother steps to any person that does not belong to the organization, and he should say, "three what?" Then the brother should say, "Nothing, only I thought I would give you *three* dollars for your hat," or waiscoat, or something of the sort. And if he said that, get away from him as quick as possible and let him alone.

A second password is, "These are gloomy times."

Answer—"What are you looking for—the red and white cord?"

"Why are you looking for the red and white cord?"

"For the protection of myself, family and property."

In witness whereof I, said Benj. Johnston, do set my hand and seal the 28th of June, 1864.

his
B. X. JOHNSON, [Seal.]
Test, mark.
R. C. COUNCIL.

By the following certificate it will be seen that this organization of conspirators exists in Wake county—although no certificate is necessary on this point.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
WAKE COUNTY. }

This is to certify that Uriah Marshall appeared before me, A. C. Council, one of the acting Justices of the Peace for said county, and testifies that he was a member of a secret organization in said county, which he believes to be wrong, and he is anxious to get out of it. I was told that there was no harm in it. I was persuaded into this thing by W. H. Merits, of said county, and was initiated by Kindrick Johnson at the said K. Johnson's house. I have never been in but the one meeting. I very soon became tired of it, but did not know how to get out. I want it distinctly understood that I am no longer a member of said organization, and ask forgiveness at the hands of the authorities, and implore their pardon; and if I am forgiven, I promise that I never will be caught in such a trap again.

URIAH MARSHALL.

A. C. COUNCIL, J. P.
July 6th, 1864.

We give another certificate from Chatham County, as follows:

JULY 2, 1864.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
CHATHAM COUNTY. }

This is to certify that William Goodwin and Edward Lorance appeared before me, one of the acting Justices of the Peace in and for said county, and testified that they belong to a secret concern that is in the county. Question: "Do you know what the name of the concern is? Answer: We do not, and declare non fellowship with it, and believe it to be wrong, and we wish the public generally to understand that we were deceived and misled by James Long, and as good loyal citizens will not belong to any such thing. Therefore, we pledge ourselves as men, never to be in another that has a tendency to injure the country. We pray the authorities to pardon us, and we feel to be good and loyal citizens.

(Signed) W. G GOODWIN,
EDWARD LORANE.

(Test.)
H. COUNCIL, J. P.

NORTH CAROLINIANS PROMOTED.—The following promotions have just been received:

Lieut. Col. John Ashford, of North Carona, to be Colonel 38th North Carolina regiment, to rank June 18, 1864.

Lieut. Col. John H. Nethercutt, of North Carolina, to be Colonol 66th North Carolina regiment, to rank June 3, 1864.

Major G. W. Flowers, of North Carolina, to be Lieut. Col. 38th North Carolina regiment, to rank June 18, 1864.

Capt. Thos. J. Dala, of North Carolina, to be Lieut. Col. of 58th North Carolina, regiment, to rank June 16, 1864.

Major Clement G. Wright, of North Carolina, to be Lieut. Col. of the 66th North Carolina regiment, to rank June 3, 1864.

Capt. J. C. Wilson, of North Carolina, to be Major 13th North Carolina regiment, to rank June 18th, 1864.

Capt. J. W. Latta, of North Carolinr, 66th North Carolina regiment, to rank June 18th, 1864.

MURDER IN DAVIE.—Mr.——Glasscock, an officer of the Home Guard in Davie county, was shot by some unknown person or persons, last Sunday, while riding along the public road above Mocksville, near the Yadkin line. His body was penetrated by five balls. It is believed this deed was done by deserters. He was robbed of his pistol. His watch was also drawn from his pocket, but left on the ground near his body. Mr. Glasscock was a good citizen, and has not transcended his duty as a Home Guard.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

AUCTION SALES.

BY M. CRONLY, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
IMPORTED GOODS,
BY
CATALOGUE.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 20TH, 1864, COMmencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., I will sell, at my sales rooms No. 2, Granite Row, Wilmington, N. C., the entire cargoes of Steamships

BADGER AND LUCY,

With large consignments ex ships CHICORA, ALICE, FANNIE, CITY OF PETERSBURG and other vessels, viz:

DRY GOODS

18 cases white ground Prints
17 cases black and white printed Muslins
13 cases Huckaback Towels
11 cases Organdie Muslins
8 bales Army Cloths
7 cases super Hosiery
7 cases Coats' and Clark's Spool Cotton
6 cases finishing Linen Thread
6 bales fancy Shirts
4 cases solid, broken and mourning Ginghams
3 cases black Lustre
3 cases Confederate Tweeds
3 cases ready made Clothing
2 cases Check and Stripes, mourning
3 cases coat, vest and bone Buttons
2 bales Barege
2 cases black Satin
2 cases super black Broadcloth
2 cases brown Holland
4 cases Flannel Shirts
2 bales mixed Meltons
1 bale blue and grey Serge
1 bale fancy Flannels
1 case Black Alpacca
1 case Black Orleans
1 case Paper Cambric, assorted colours
1 bale Mottled Alpaccas
1 case Beauregard Tweeds
1 case Southern Cloaking
1 case Black and White Prints
1 case Shirting
1 case Fancy Shawls
1 bale Linos, superior
1 case Mosquito Netting
1 case Ties, Gloves, &c
1 bale super Broad Cloth, assorted colours
1 case Irish Linen
1 case Pant Buttons
1 case Black and White Pins

SHOES, LEATHER, &c.

28 trunks Ladies', Gent's and Children's Shoes
19 cases Ladies', Gent's and Children's French Bottees, extra
8 cases Army Shoes
7 cases Barton's Bleached and Brown Shoe Thread
4 cases Fr Waxed Calf Skins
4 cases Chamois Skins
2 cases Morocco Skins

COTTON CARDS, CLOTHING, &c

35 cases Cotton Cards, No. 10s, part Whittemore's best
1 case Wool Cards
2 cases Card Clothing 32x4
2 cases Filleting

STATIONARY.

16 cases Cap, Letter and Note Paper
2 cases Guillott's Steel Pens
3 cases Pen Holders
1 case Pencils and Pens
1 case assorted stationary

BAGGING AND ROPE.

10 bales Gunny Bagging
149 coil Bale Rope

GROCERIES.

220 bags Rio Coffee
50 barrels brown Sugar
60 barrels crushed Sugar
182 kits No. 1 Mackerel
8 casks Chicory
10 boxes Sperm Candles
10 bags black Pepper
10 caddies Young Hyson Tea

HARDWARE, &c

8 tons Hoop Iron
10 kegs Nails, assorted sizes
4 cases Wire
4 cases Gun Caps
12 bags Shot
3 cases Knives, Files and Razors

LIQUORS, &c.

2 quarter casks pure Cognac Brandy
1 half pipe pure Martel Brandy
1 quarter pipe pure Pinet, Castillon & Co., Brandy
1 eight pipe pure Otard, Dupuy & Co, Brandy
10 casks Whiskey
32 casks old Rum.
100 cases Holland Gin
38 demijohns Holland Gin

DRUGS.

30 cases Liquorice Paste
94 cases Liquorice Sticks
13 casks Alcohol
14 casks Alum
8 casks Epsom Salts,
9 casks Balsam Copavia
9 bbls Tanner's Oil
42 Kegs Bi. Carb. Soda
5 bbls Borax
3 cases Quinine
3 cases assorted Drugs
5 bbls Copperas
8 cases Potass Carb.
2 cases Blue Mass
1 case Powd. Ipecac
1 case Iodido Potass and Iodine
2 casks Soda Crystals
2 casks Blue Stone
1 case Phosphorus

july 4-eod-t20.

MUSIC TEACHER WANTED.

A Lady, perfectly competent to teach Vocal and Instrumental Music, and well recommended, can hear of a good situation, by applying immediately to THE MISSES NASH and MISS KOLLOCK, Hillsboro' N. C. july 1 d6t.

HEADQUARTERS, RESERVE OF N. C.
WELDON, July 13, 1864.

General Order
No. 3.

I. THE COMMANDANT OF CONSCRIPTS will use every possible exertion to expedite the organization of the Reserve of N. C., holding his subordinates to the strictest accountability for any want of energy or activity.

II. At the erliest practicable date, after the Senior Reserve are organized into Companies, the District Enrolling Officers will organize them into a Regiment, if there are ten companies; or into a Battalion, if less than ten Companies, by assembling the Company Officers, and holding an election for Colonel, Lieut. Colonel, and Major, for a Regiment; a Lieut. Colonel and Major for a Battalion of six or more Companies; or a Major for a Battalion of less than six Companies.

III. Hereafter, all applications for indulgences of every kind, will be made through the proper chamel to these Head Quarters; and pending such application, the applicant will be considered and treated as though it had not been made.

IV. All furloughs, leaves of absence, details or temporary exemptions, heretofore granted to officers and men, belonging to the Reserve of N. C., by officers connected with the Conscript Bureau, are revoked. All men absent, by virtue of such papers, from Companies in the field, will at once join their commands.

V. The Reserve, from being called into service only in cases of emergency, are not liable to be detailed as *Farmers, Mechanics, &c.*

By command of Lt. Gen. HOLMES.
JNO. W. HINSDALE,
july 16 d7t Ass't. Adj't. Gen'l

Wilmington Journal, Fayetteville Observer, and Ashville News copy seven times, and forward charges to Capt. J. W. Hinsdale, at Weldon.

New Advertisements.

HEADQ'RS CAMP OF INSTRUCTION,
RALEIGH, N. C., July 14, 1864.

In accordance with the provisions of General Orders No. 25, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, last series, the owners of the following negroes will call at this camp and prove their claims, as required by act of Congress:

List of slaves captured from the enemy in Virginia, forwarded to this Camp by Provost Marshal at Weldon, N. C., July 3rd, 1864.

Jack, slave property of Jno Dotson, Virginia.
Ottoway, property of Jas. Dickman, Petersburg, Va.
Collin, property of Dr. Campbell, Nottaway county, Va.
Godfrey, property of Jno. Lewis, Brunswick county, Va.
Nichols, property of Thos. Hicks, Brunswick county, Va.
Daniel, property of Lawyer Campbell, Nottaway county, Va.
Tom, property of T. R. Britchford, Nottaway county, Va.
William, property of Wm. Beasley, Dinwindie county, Va.
Grief, property of Jno. B. Smith, Charlotte, county, Va.
Lovelace, property of Dr. Saunders, Lunenberg county, Va.
Shadock, property of Dick Watkins, Prince Edward county, Va.
Lizzie, property of Wm. Blunt, Petersburg, Va.
Eady, property of E. Scott, Lunenburg county, Va.
Fanny, property of Adam Finch, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Edward, property of Jno. M. Crattock, Mecklenburg, county, Va.
Sam, property of James Gregory, Mecklenburg, county, Va.
William, property of L. L. Irven, Prince Edward, Va.
Russell, property of James Hatchett, Prince Edward county, Va.
William, property of Ben. Boyse, Dinwidie, county Va.
Charles, property of B. Longest, Dinwidie, county, Va.
Elijah, property of R. W. Purdy, Charlotte county Va.
Wyatt, property of Isaac Overby, Charlotte county, Va.
Harrison, do
Neison, property of M. A. Roberts, Charlotte county, Va.
Granison, property of H. Ogbern, Brunswick county, Va.
John, property of A. Campbell, Nottaway county, Va.
Patrick, property of J. C. Carrington, Charotte, county, Va.
Matt, property of T. F. Epps, Nottaway county, Va.
Mike, property of Mrs. Susan Hutcherson, Charlotte county, Va.
Washington, property of R. Beville, Nottaway county Va.,
John, property of H. C. Horthorn, Lunenburg county, Va.
Henry, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Orange, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Banister, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Dick, property of N. Turpin, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Jim, property of Capt. Burton, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Billy, property of J. E. Pollard, King William county, Va.
Sam, property of David Dugger, Mecklenburg county, Va.
Frederick, property of Henry Tucker, Mecklenburg county, Va.
William, property of Peyton R. Burrell, Mecklenburg, county, Va.
Davie, property of Wm. Owen, Prince Edward county, Va.
Edward, property of Dr. Geo. Lewis, King George county, Va.
James, property of Abram Marshall, Lunenburg county, Va.

By order. F. J. HAHR Maj. Conf'dg.
C. H. WRIGHT
july 16-d6t Lieut. and Adjutant.

Alamance County.---We are Authorized to announce Gen. JOSEPH S. HOLT as a candidate for the House of Commons from Alamance County. Gen. Holt is a Conservative "after the straitest sect," and is in favor of a speedy and honorable peace. He also believes in the right of the people to rule, and in the constant predominance of the civil over the military power. july 16 dte.

Piano Tuning and Repairing.

DURING the cessation of his Music School in Petersburg, the subscriber will be pleased to receive orders for Tuning, from the citizens of Warrenton and the surrounding country. Orders sent through the Post Office, or to the Warrenton Female College, will be promptly executed.
C. L. PETICOLAS.
REFERS to Mr. Andrew White, Mr. Armistead Plummer, and Mr. E. E. Parham.
july 16 d3t*.

Now Ready.

THE CAMP FOLLOWER!!

CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING STORIES:
"THE COCK FIGHT;"
"THE WIFE'S STRATAGEM;"
"HOW I COATED SAL;"
"THE CHAMPION;"

And many other Humerous Sketches, Anecdotes, Poetry, &c., designed for the

AMUSEMENT OF THE CAMP.

Single Copies, Postage paid, $2.50. The usual discount to the trade.
Address STOCKTON & CO.,
Augusta, Ga.
july 16 d2t*

RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

THE North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company is now prepared to fill orders from any portion of the Confederacy. Powder will only be delivered at the Company's Mills or in Charlotte, without risk to the Manufacturers.
july 15-d3t. S. W. DAVIS, Pres't.

We are authorized to announce Lieut. E. H. RAY, of the 47th N. C. Regiment, for the office of Sheriff of Wake County, at the ensuing election in August next.
july 14-d6twtd.

BELMONT SCHOOL.
GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE next session of this school will commence on the 29th July 1864.
For particulars address,
R. H. GRAVES,
Oxford, N. C.
july 14 d5t* (For Sassafras Fork Express.)

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &C.

By S. A. Harris, Auct'r, Charlotte, N. C.

THE SALE OF MESSRS. ELIAS & COHEN, heretofore advertised, is postponed until Wednesday, the 3d of August, when I will sell, positively, to the highest bidder, a valuable stock of Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries.
The sale will continue from day to day until the entire stock is disposed of.
To Government Agents, Merchants and Farmers, a rare opportunity is here offered, as many articles will be found amongst the stock worthy the attention of buyers.
july 15-oaw-3w.

Candidates' Cards.

CRAVEN COUNTY.

To the Soldiers and Citizen Voters of Craven

AT THE SOLICITATIONS OF MANY friends, I offer myself a candidate for re-election to represent the county of Craven in the House of Commons, in the next Legislature of North Carolina. If elected, I will serve you to the best of my ability, at all times guarding well your interests.
T. H. GASKINS,
june 12-118-dte 1st Lt. Co. B, 67th Rgt. N C T

For the Sheriffalty of Craven'---We are authorized to announce, that ALEXANDER C. LATHAM is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, in the county of Craven.
may 24-101-dtf.

FOR SHERIFF OF WILSON.

WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE W. W. BATTS, as a candidate for Sheriff of Wilson county, at the ensuing election.
Joyner's Depot, June 15. 121-tde.

TO THE VOTERS OF CRAVEN COUNTY.

FELLOW CITIZENS AND SOLDIERS: I announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Senate for the next Term of our Legislature. During the past Term, I have endeavored to discharge my duties faithfully, and according to my ability. I thank you for the honor you have heretofore done me, and hope to merit your continued confidence and support.
Your Obt Serv't.
june 14 121-dte NATHAN WHITFORD.

SHERIFF OF CATAWBA COUNTY.

WE are authorized to announce that JONAS CLINE is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Catawba County in August next. june 27, 1864. dte.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE Dr. JOHN F. FOARD a candidate to represent the County of Rowan in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of the State.

Greene County.

To the Soldiers and Citizen Voters of Greene County:

AT the solicitation of many friends, I announce myself a candidate, to represent the county of Greene in the House of Commons of the next Legislature of North Carolina. If elected, I will serve you to the best of my ability; guarding your interests with unswerving fidelity.
J. T. FREEMAN.
Snow Hill, June 27, 1864. 133-dte.
Wilmington Journal and State Journal copy.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

WE are authorized to announce Col. M. K. CRAWFORD as a candidate for re-election to a seat in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina, from Wayne county. jul 2-dte.

To the Soldiers and Citizens (voters) of Person County, N. C.

At the solicitation of many friends, I have consented to become a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Person county, State of North Carolina.
Should you honor me with your suffrages and elect me, I can only promise to serve you with fidelity, to the best of my ability; on all occasions to be in my place; besides, my opinions and actions in this war are so well known to you all, that I deem it entirely unnecessary to say more, and leave it with the voters of this county to decide.
tul-8-1m ALEX. M. LONG.

Johnston County.---We are authorized and requested to announce the following gentlemen as the Conservative candidates to represent the county of Johnston in the next General Assembly:
For the Senate—THOS. D. SNEAD, Esq. For the Commons—W. G. BANKS and W. A. SMITH.
This ticket was selected by the Reserves from Johnston, in camp at Goldsboro, and by a mass meeting of the citizens remaining at home, held at Smithfield on the 28th of May. These gentlemen will be supported by all true Conservatives. They endorse the platform of Vice President Stephens, Gov. Brown and W. W. Holden, and if elected will do all they can to procure an early and honorable peace June 3 110 dte.

DAVIDSON COUNTY.

To the Soldiers and Citizen Voters of Davidson County:—We are permitted to announce Col. J. W. Bradshaw, of the 42d Reg't N. C. Troops, as a suitable candidate to represent the people of Davidson County in the House of Commons of the General Assembly of North Carolina. Col. Bradshaw has been a faithful soldier in the field for three years in defence of his country; and will as faithfully represent his country's interests in the Legislature, if the people call him to that position. MANY VOTERS.
june 27, 1864. .d26t

FOR SHERIFF.

WE ARE AUTHORISED TO ANNOUNCE THOMAS J WHITAKER, a candidate for reelection to the office of Sheriff for the county of Jones. july 6 23-wtf

TO THE CITIZENS, SOLDIERS AND REFUGEES OF PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

WE are authorized to announce GEO. W. HINTON, a candidate to represent Pasquotank county in the next House of Commons.
ma 10-89-dtw&wte

WAKE COUNTY.

THE SHERIFFALTY.—We are authorized and requested to announce W. H. HIGH, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff at the election in August. ja 17-tde-d&w

To the Voters of Warren County, N. C.

I respectfully withdraw my name as a candidate for the Legislature. If a merciful Providence shall see fit to restore me to health once more, I prefer to remain in the service until the last gun is fired in defence of Home and Independence, and I desire no greater applause from posterity than to be instrumental of that deed and that deliverance. PLUMMER W. GREEN,
july 13 d2t* Co. E, 1st. Reg't N. C. Cavalry.

BERTIE COUNTY.

WE are authorised to announce Hon. DAVID OUTLAW, the present Senator from Bertie, as a candidate for re-election. He will vote for the re-election of Gov. Vance, and for such measures as in his judgment are calculated to procure a speedy, just and honorable peace, on the basis of Southern Independence. He is, and has been from the beginning, opposed to a Convention, believing it to be a trick, by which North Carolina was to be withdrawn from the Confederacy.
We are also authorised to announce Capt. W. M. SUTTON, as a candidate for the House of Commons. Capt. S. is in favor of Gov. Vance's election, and is a true Southern man.
july 13 1864 dte.

FOR SALE!

A RESIDENCE NEAR GREENSBORO, N. C. The house is new, and one of the best in the county, containing eight, large rooms, and all necessary out-houses. The land, 226 *acres*, and produces finely. There are 1000 of the choicest fruit trees on it, selected from the Westbrook Nursery. A rare opportunity is now offered to persons wishing a home or investment.
Address J. H.
july 4 d12t Kittrell's Depot N. C.

Hillsboro N. C. Military Academy.—The Second Session (1864) of this Institution, will commence July 1st. For Circulars and information apply to
Maj. WM. M. GORDON,
ma. 17 95-d3m

SEQUESTRATED DEBTS.

THE undersigned will attend at the following times and places, to collect the interest on the Sequestrated Debts in his District, viz:
at Hillsboro; July 14th, 1864.
"Raleigh " 20 & 21. "
"Fayetteville " 27. 28 & 29. "
C. H. WILDER, Receiver.
Fayetteville *Observer* copy till July 29.
june 27 dtjy 29.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.
Tally-Ho, Granville Co. N. C.

The Fall Session of this School, under the care of T. J. HORNER, assisted by J. H. ROWLAND, commences the 3rd Monday in July.
The price of board and tuition is $600 per session. Application for admission should be made in advance. T. J. HORNER.
june 20-124-d18t

Mrs. H. W. Miller.
BOARD
By the Day, $ 25
" Week, 90
" Month, 280
Meals alone, 224
june 16-dly

SHEET IRON FOR SORGHUM BOILERS 4½ and 8½ feet long, 3-16 inches thick and 30 inches wide, for sale by
july 2-135-dtf CREECH & LITCHFORD.

NEW AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE.

W. H. AND R. S. TUCKER AND W. R. Andrews, have this day associated themselves together under the name and style of TUCKER, ANDREWS & Co., for the purpose of conducting a general Auction and Commission business. All business entrusted to them will meet with promptness and dispatch.
TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.
june 23 127-dtf

WOOL NOTICE.

QUARTERSMASTER'S DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, JULY 2, 1864.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO EXCHANGE Cotton Yarn for Wool, upon the following terms, viz,
One bunch of Yarn for three pounds washed Wool, and one bunch for four pounds unwashed.
Agents have been appointed to make the exchange at the following places: Oxford, Tarboro', Kinston, Catherine Lake, Concord, Rockingham, Hendersonville, Statesville, Roxboro', Asheville, Pittsboro'. Louisburg, Fayetteville, Cokrain, and at this place.
Persons shipping wool to this place will please mark on the packages who they are from, and the cotton yarn will be forwarded immediately.
I hope the people will patriotically respond to the above notice, as the Wool is for clothing the N. C. Troops.
H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M., N. C. A.
july 8-1w-tf

ADOLPH COHN,

WHOLESALE TOBACCO HOUSE,
AND
Commission Merchant,
GOLDSBORO', N. C.

LIBERAL advancements made on Produce consigned to me.
july 14, 1864—d3m.

Office Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co'py,
RALEIGH, July 7, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared a dividend of 15 per cent. on the capital stock, payable on and after after 1st of August, 1864, in four per cent certificates and bonds of the Confederate States, or in Confederate treasury notes of the old issue at face value, at the option of the Company.
W. W. VASS,
jul 8 dtf Treasurer.

Pitt County.

THE people of Pitt county in Convention assembled, on the 4th July, 1864, nominated the following named gentlemen as candidates to represent them in the next General Assembly of North Carolina:
For the Senate, DR. RICHARD WILLIAMS;
For the Commons, HENRY SHEPPARD, ESQ., and DR. JOHN TAFT.
This is a straight-cut *Southern Rights* ticket:—opposed to the wholesale and useless exemption of men who ought to be in the army, and in favor of sustaining the Government in prosecuting the war to an honorable peace, upon the basis of our national independence. We call upon all men who love freedom and cherish the honor of their country, to give it a hearty support at the ensuing election. COMMITTEE.
july 14 dte.

HEADQUARTERS 2d DISTRICT,
DEPARTMENT N. C., AND SOUTHERN VA.
GOLDSBORO', N. C., July 12, 1864.

[CIRCULAR.]

CITIZENS are again notified that permission to pass through our lines to Newbern, WILL NOT be granted under any pretence whatever; and applications for that purpose cannot be entertained by the General Commanding.
By order of Brig. Gen. L. S. BAKER.
R. T. FULGHUM,
july 14 d6t A. D. C.

$30 REWARD.

Deserted from Co. L, 17th N. C. Regiment, on Thursday the 7th July, the following named men, from the neigborhood of Petersburg, Va.
W. R. Willis, hailing from Augusta, Ga.
J. T. Blackwood, from Orange county, N. C.
Morris King, " do
A reward of $30 each will be paid for their delivery to the regiment, or any Confederate authority. JNO. S. DANCY,
Capt. & A. Q. M. 17th N. C. Reg't.
And Acting Q. M. Martin's Brig.
july 12-d6t

C. S. ARSENAL AND ARMORY
FAYETTEVILLE N. C. July 6th, 1864.
FOUNDRY-MAN WANTED.

ONE experienced in the business can find steady employment on application to the
july 9 d6t COMD'G OFFICER.

WOOD! WOOD!

WE wish to contract immediately for SIX HUNDRED CORDS OF PINE AND OAK WOOD, delivered in Raleigh or on the Railroad.
HECK, BRODIE & Co.,
Bayonet Factry.
Raleigh, N. C. July 9, 1864. july 9 d10t.

TO THE VOTERS OF CHATHAM COUNTY. At the solicitation of many soldiers in the army, as well as of many friends at home, I announce myself a candidate for the House of Commons from Chatham County. I have received no solicitations from the Rahabites, the American Heroes, or the oligarchs, or those who stay at home to make money out of the families of the soldiers, and occupy their spare time in abusing better men than themselves as disloyal. I stand fairly and squarely on the platform of Stephens and Brown, of Georgia, and W. W. Holden for Governor, against the world; and I believe that without the election of such men to office we will never have a permanent peace. So far as the soldiers are concerned, I do not wish to appear to boast, but I will say that I have done as much for their families, or more, according to my means, than any Vanceite in the County of Chatham.
Fellow citizens and soldiers, go to the polls on the day of election, and vote for true-Conservatives, if you would have peace and be a free people. Do not be intimidated, but stand up for your rights. JOHN A. McDONALD.
Oakland, July 16, 1864. dte.

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at THREE DOLLARS per square of ten lines (or less) for each insertion. Marriage notices and Obituaries will be charged as advertisements.

JOB WORK of every description will be executed at this Office with dispatch, and as neatly as can be done in the Southern Confederacy.

Strayed.

ON the 5th inst., a LARGE BAY HORSE, about 9 years old, with large hoofs, and a piece of rein around his neck when he left. He was last seen above Roseman's on the Chapel Hill road. A liberal reward will be paid for any information that may lead to his recovery or his delivery to
J. G. WILLIAMS,
W. F. ASKEW, or
jul 8-1w The Southern Express office.
Progress and Conservative copy one week.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY!!

PHIL. THIEM & Co. have attached to their Machineries at the Saddle-tree Factory,
A STEAM GRIST MILL,
For the accommodation of the public generally, and will grind at one eighth.
Persons wishing GOOD MEAL, will send their corn, and rely upon promptness and dispatch.
july 16 d6t.

Chief En. Office 1st Cong. Dist. N. C.,
MURFREESBORO, June 30, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER
No. 11.

I. ALL white males between the ages of 17 and 50 (whether heretofore exempt from conscription or not) and all male free negroes between the ages of 18 and 50, will assemble at the following times and places, viz:
Those in Washington county, at Plymouth, on 15th of July.
Those in Martin county, at Williamston, on 20th of July.
Those in Bertie county, at Windsor, on 23rd of July.
Those in Northampton county, at Jackson, on 28th of July.
Those in Hertford county, at Murfreesboro', on 1st of August.
II. County Enrolling Officers and (in their absence) the Commanding Officers of the Regiments of Militia, are charged with the duty of disseminating this order throughout their respective counties, and they will be held to the strictest accountability for the manner in which their duty is executed.
(Signed) HUGH L. COLE,
Capt and Chief E. O. 1st C. D. N. C.

HEADQUARTERS MED. EX. BOARD,
1st CONG. DIST, N. C., June 30, 1864.

The undersigned, Chairman of the Medical Examining Board for the 1st Cong. District of N. C., gives notice that he will be present at the times and places specified in the above order, for the purpose of examining such persons liable to conscription as may present themselves before his Board.
(Signed) HENRY K. COCHRAN,
jul 5-td Asst. Surg. P. A. C. S. & Ch'n Board.
Conservative copy till day.

THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1864.

Stenographers and Phonographers.—Proposals will be received by the undersigned until the first day of September next, for contracts for making verbatim reports of the proceedings and debates of the Senate of the Confederate States.
The contractor will be required to furnish his own assistants. The sessions of the Senate will, it is estimated, average about six months per annum, and about three hours per day.
Stationary will be furnished at the expense of the Senate, as also a reporter's room for writing out notes, together with lights and fuel.
The contract will be made for one year from the first Monday of November next, and a pro rata compensation paid the contractor monthly.
The reports must embrace a verbatim report of all motions, resolutions, remarks, speeches, and such amendments offered as may be necessary to explain the debates.
The committee estimate that the principal reporter and three assistants can perform the work.
The chief reporter and his assistants will be officers of the Senate, and entitled to the privileges and immunities incidental thereto, and removal by the Senate for any want of capacity or fidelity.
A fair copy of the daily reports must be written complete in time for the next daily morning papers.
Proposals will be addressed to JAMES L. ORR, Anderson, South Carolina.
JAMES L. ORR, Chairman,
R. W. JOHNSON,
A. G. BROWN.
Richmond, June 11th, 1864. 121--taw15t.

AIRAM'S SALVE.

THIS Salve has been thoroughly tested for many years, and is now offered to the public with the guarantee that it possesses all the valuable healing properties claimed for it.
For all cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, risings, felons, blisters, ulcers, excoriations, rising and gathered breasts, and for all *wounds* of every description, it will be found eminently successful in affording relief and effecting a cure.
It is peculiarly adapted to wounds exhibiting symptoms of erysipelas.
Reference is made to the following persons who have used the Salve, and can testify to its healing powers;—P. G. Snowden, Serg. P. A. C. S.; Drs. Hanks and Berry, Pittsborough; Rev. Robert B. Sutton, Rector of St Bartholomews Church Pittsborough; Hon. A. Rencher, Col. Henry A. London, Dr. W. F. Harllee, member of Examing Board 7th Congressional District.
For sale by P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh, and other Druggist in the State, and
F. AIRAM, Pittsboro,' N. C.
july 11-eod-13t

$25 REWARD.

LOST, yesterday afternoon, between the Presbyterian Church and my residence, a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES. The finder will receive the above reward by returning them to me or leaving them at the Confederate office.
july 15-d3t† O. D. LIPSCOMB.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

I WILL, AS THE AGENT OF THE LATE JOSEPH BLOUNT, offer for sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House in the town of Hillsboro', on Tuesday, the 12th day of July next, that valuable farm, known as the David Hart place, within two miles of Hillsboro', and containing three hundred and sixty-one acres—more than one half of which is in woods. Said farm is in first-rate condition, with fences thoroughly repaired. The house contains eight rooms in good repair, with all necessary out buildings in good condition with the exception of two barns. The farm has on it two excellent Orchards of selected fruit trees, two good meadows, and is abundantly watered.
Terms, twelve months credit, bond with approved security, bearing interest from 1st day of January 1865; the title to be reserved until the purchase money is paid in.
WILLIAM H. STANDIN, Agent.
june 15-120-deod15t

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ON SATURDAY, THE 23RD INST., (IF not sold privately before,) I will sell at public auction, that well known property in the
TOWN OF GOLDSBORO'
formerly the residence of Mrs. Annie Evans, deceased. There are two full lots, a comfortable dwelling, two kitchens, all necessary out houses, fine grove, capital water, and a variety of fruit trees. The property is on the same square with Mrs. Griswold's Hotel. Terms cash.
jul 8-1w J. A. EVANS, Ex'r.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE FOURTH SESSION OF MISS MANGUM'S SCHOOL, will open on Friday the 29th July, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum.
Her pupils will find a home in her mother's family. Only a limited number can be received. For further information, address
MISS M. P. MANGUM,
Hillsboro', Orange county, N. C., care of Dr. J. F. Cain.
june 16th, 1864. tri-w-12t

The Confederate.

E. K. KONE, A. M. GORMAN,
EDITORS.

All letters on business of the Office, to be directed to A. M. GORMAN & Co.

MONDAY, JULY 18, 1864.

THE Original Secessionist.

A Correspondent writes us as follows:—"If the people could be made to believe that Mr. Holden had anything to do with bringing on this war, and especially with taking North Carolina out of the old Government, thousands of those who now intend to vote for him would turn their backs on him and vote against him. But the plain, well-meaning but not well informed people, many of them, believe that he was always opposed to secession, and that he did every thing in his power to prevent the secessionists from taking North Carolina out of the old Government; and I heard one man assert in the presence of a crowd, in this county (Moore) that in the Convention he voted *against* the secession ordinance. And I think he really believed this was so. If the Editors and Gov. Vance and other candidates in their speeches, would dwell more upon this point now, just before the election, and enlighten the public mind thereon, the votes of many honest men might be changed who really wish to do what is right."

Our correspondent makes a very good suggestion as to what the candidates ought to do to shew up Mr. Holden's secession acts and votes before the people, and we hope it will be acted upon by every Vance candidate in the State. But certainly the loyal Press of the State have not been remiss on this point. Day after day, week after week, and column after column have been devoted by them, to expose the bold and violent secession proclivities of W. W. Holden. Column after column of his paper have been quoted, his vote *for* secession in the Convention has been produced and reproduced, until surely there is not a reading man in all the State who has not seen it, and who is not convinced of the fact that he was, and has been for many years, an original secessionist of the most radical stamp, and did more towards breaking up the old Government than any man in North Carolina. For ten years and more he contended, through the columns of the *Standard*, not only for the right of secession; but that it was the *duty* of North Carolina to secede from the old Government whenever an Abolitionist was elected, as such, to the Presidency of the United States. And he practically and effectually voted the State out of the old Union just as soon as that occurred. These are plain, undeniable facts; and no man can gainsay them.

The Situation in Georgia.

We confess we were much surprised at reading an article in the Richmond *Sentinel* of Thursday, which seems to indicate that the authorities at Richmond are prepared to hear that Gen. Johnston has retired beyond Atlanta and thus surrendered that city to the enemy. The country is totally unprepared for such an announcement; nor are we willing to believe that such an event will happen. Gen. Johnston has safely reached his chosen fortifications beyond the Chattahoochee, where it has been stated he would make a stand with almost a confident assurance of victory; though we do not like the doubt implied at the close of the following extract from the Atlanta *Confederacy* of the 10th. We still believe, however, the city will be held, and the enemy vanquished:

A rumor is afloat this morning that the corps commanders of Johnston's army held a council of war last night, and expressed to Gen. Johnston their confidence in being able to hold any position along our whole line with 10,000 men. This would leave the remainder of the army free to act against any flank movement of the enemy or attempt to cross the river in force.

There seems to be some ground for believing that the city will not be given up without a fight. We hear this morning that it is the determination to hold it at all hazards. We hope it is so.

It gives us pleasure and encouragement to see the hopeful tone of other Georgia papers, and expressing the belief, as the Augusta *Chronicle and Sentinel* does, that it is the intention of Gen. Johnston to fight and defeat Sherman before Atlanta; and that the forces, which are to dispute his retreat, are already advancing on his rear. We may rest assured that our authorities are not idle, in this crisis of our affairs. All that the most comprehensive judgment, the most sagacious wisdom, and the most fervent patriotism can suggest or accomplish, will be done.

Instead, therefore, (continues the *Sentinel*) of indulging in miserable croaking, in unmanly fears, in evil forebodings, as to our cause, let every man be ready to perform his duty, to lend his aid, in striking the final and decisive blow, which shall rid our land of its detested invader.

We learn that a destructive fire occurred in Henderson, N. C., on the R. & G. Railroad, on Monday the 11th inst., originating in a building used by James Lamand for the manufactory of ordnance stores. Some fifteen hundred knapsacks, ready to turn over to the Government, were entirely destroyed. Mr. Lamand's loss is about twenty thousand dollars. Jno. W. Vaughan, who owned the building, suffered a loss of five or six thousand dollars. A small quantity of Government stores were also destroyed, and but for the almost superhuman exertions of the citizens, the town must have been destroyed. Mr. Lamand is an energetic young man, and is but illy able to sustain such a loss, and has the sympathy of numerous friends. No insurance on any of the property. The fire is supposed to have been purely accidental.

The attention of all concerned is directed to the Advertisement of Quartermaster PEIRCE in this paper, concerning an Invalid Corps.

The "H. O. A.'s" Growing Desperate.

A highly respectable citizen of this county informed us on Saturday, that a certain *Esquire*, of Green Level district, in this county, has been heard to use the following language: "He said, they were going to join together and kill out all the old secessionists; and that they were going to commence at old Jesse Howell's;" and that he has sixteen pounds of powder with which to execute his purposes. If this is denied, we have the names to give who vouch for the statement. The name of the "Esquire" will be given to Mr. Howell, on application to us.

And so, one development after another is made, of the wicked and malicious purposes of the members of this secret treasonable association. Not only are they in league with the enemy for the destruction of the Government, but the lives of the loyal men of the country are to be sacrificed! Was such a state of things ever heard of! We hope Mr. Jesse Howell will at once go before a magistrate and have this *Esquire*, arrested and bound over to Court, to answer. We understand that Mr. William Williams can substantiate the fact of his having made use of the above threat. Let the matter be thoroughly probed, before violence and bloodshed be introduced by these traitors to their country and defiers of the laws of the land. It is the duty of all good citizens to aid in this matter. We understand considerable alarm is felt by the loyal men in other sections, on account of the threats of violence made by certain characters. A crisis is upon us.—Shall the laws of the land be vindicated.

THE NEWS.

The telegraphic news we publish to-day from the Washington *Chronicle* of the 14th, indicates, if to be relied on, that Gen. Early has retired from before Washington and is making his way back to Virginia. Whatever the object of the expedition, and whether fully accomplished or not, it is very certain, even from yankee accounts, that severe damage has been inflicted on the enemy, and our army has secured immense quantities of grain, a large number of horses and cattle, and much other spoils, besides giving the yankees the biggest kind of a scare. Perhaps before going to press we shall have later and more definite advices from that quarter.

The news from Mississippi is also of the most cheering character. It is to be hoped that our troops in that State can now go to the relief of Gen. Johnston at Atlanta, and strike Sherman a crushing blow in his rear, while Johnston disposes of him in front. We still believe that Atlanta will be defended, and that successfully.

The Petersburg papers of Friday, the latest dates received, have undoubted information that two of Grant's Army Corps have left that vicinity and gone to look after the Rebels in Maryland—the 6th and 2d. Other corps were also said to be about to leave, if they have not already taken up their winding way—our scouts being unable to find them, although they hunted industriously for several miles. Grant's army continue to suffer greatly for water, and much sickness prevails among his troops. A letter in the Philadelphia *Enquirer* says that "an innumerable number of Grant's men are now down with a disease known as the diarrhœa."

The two brigades of cavalry under Sheridan, that left Grant's headquarters on Tuesday, divided, in Isle of Wight county, one going by way of Chuckatuck and the other by way of Suffolk. There are diverse opinions as to their ultimate destination—some think they are coming towards North Carolina, and others that they are to embark at Portsmouth for the seat of war in Maryland.

Eight Yankee prisoners who were captured by Mosby at Monocacy Junction, within three miles of Frederick City, Md., arrived at Lynchburg Sunday night. Among them is a son of Harback, one of the largest shipping merchants in New York city. Two hundred and twenty additional prisoners captured at Aldie, Loudon county, arrived at Lynchburg Monday night.

The latest date we have received from Atlanta is of the 12th, in which a correspondent of the Augusta *Constitutionalist* says:

The prospect of a fight before the city of Atlanta is merely speculative. No one can tell. The enemy have crossed near Roswell in small force, but evince no disposition to advance.—They have fortified a position in front of Isham's Ferry on this side, where they lodge in quiet for the present. They are also massing at Chattahoochee Bridge. But all those manœuvres are feints. The real attack will be made, I think, lower down. Sherman's effort, in my judgment, will be to cross the Chattahoochee somewhere between Atlanta and West Point, push forward to the railroad, occupy one of our chief lines of communication, and invest us from two vulnerable points, on front and flank. Everything seems to bear this indication just now.

The confusion and tumult in Atlanta is very great, and the city very nearly deserted.

The approach of the Trans Mississippi veterans is expected. We look to them with great hope. With such a body of men added to our present strength, and Forrest in rear of Sherman, his destruction would be complete.

I have just come in from a ride along our lines. They are quiet. Neither shell nor sharp shot disturbs the perenial silence of the front.

A NATIVE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—A Yankee journal states that J. A. Winslow, Captain of the *Kearsage*, is a native of Rexborough, N. C.

THE FRAUD.—The *Standard* has palmed off upon its readers a pretended, "Extract from the Journal of the House of Commons." We denounced it as a "fraud," there being no such matter in the Journals of the House of Commons. The *Standard* is silent under the disclosure of its fraud, which is little short of forgery. It cannot pretend that its extract is to be found in the Journals, and yet is unwilling to give up the advantage secured among those who are ignorant of the truth.—*Fayetville Observer.*

See Advertisement for Sale of six per cent ntaxable Bonds, on the 21st inst.

HEADQUARTERS, CLINGMAN'S BRIGADE,
In the Trenches, June 30, 1864.

COLONEL:—I avail myself of the first leisure moments I have, to answer your note of enquiry of yesterday's date. You refer to a statement of Captain Ramsey, that "General Clingman threatened even to bayonet the officers, if they would not go back and endeavor to retake the ground they had so disgracefully abandoned. You ask if this statement has "any truth" in it, and also desire me to state what I "observed during the 17th inst., in connection with Captain Preston, of the 34th Virginia, and the officers and men of your brigade, who remained in the works.

In compliance with your request, I proceed to state succinctly the facts necessary to a proper explanation of the occurrences of that evening, bearing on the subject of your enquiries. In doing this, however, it is necessary that I should make the statement full enough to do justice to the several parties as far as they are mentioned:

My brigade formed the right wing of Maj. Gen. Hoke's division and immediately on my right was placed Gen. Wise's brigade. I had during the day passed into a portion of its line contiguous to my own. During the afternoon one of its regiments (the 34th, as I understand it,) passed from my left up to my right, and I believe took the position of the regiment nearest me. the latter moving further to the right. During the day, there had been several feeble demonstrations of the enemy, which had been repulsed at once; but about 6½ o'clock the enemy advanced in great force, partly in my front and also directly in front of the line of Gen. Wise's brigade.—The pickets were driven in and the line began to fire, but in less than five minutes, as I think, I heard the exclamation, "our men are giving way on the right;" and on looking in that direction, I saw with the greatest astonishment, the troops running from the line of Gen. Wise's brigade back to the rear. I could see plainly the regiments next me, and probably a portion of the second one of the brigade. By the time, however, the men had run about one hundred yards to the rear, I saw an officer run up, with what I took to be about one company following him, and from the trench wave his hand, seemingly calling back the fugitives. This officer I have reason to believe was Capt. Preston, who advanced up to the line somewhat, and made the effort to rally the regiment. A number did return towars the trenches; but just as they were about entering them, the enemy appeared advancing from the front, and were, I think, within a hundred yards, or rather less. I could see one of their flags and what appeared to be about one regiment coming up towards the works. Those who were getting back to the trenches, immediately fled again to the rear, while Captain Preston soon after joined my right with his company, and, as I am informed, some others, whom he induced to stand with him. These occurrences took place just before sunset. I moved my brigade somewhat to the right along the trenches, and ordered Lieut. Col. Devane, of the 61st regiment of my brigade, to take four companies to the right and rear of my line, to check if possible the movement of the enemy. They had by this time not only filled the abandoned trenches of Gen. Wise's brigade, but had also advanced a heavy force beyond them towards the city, for a short distance. Colonel Devane subsequently informed me that Captain Preston reported to him, and after expressing his regrets for the conduct of his regiment, desired to act with the men under his command wherever he could be most serviceable. Colonel Devane assured me that he behaved with great gallantry during the entire engagement.

I immediately afterwards carried from my left wing, half of the 51st Reg't under command of its Col. McKethan, up to the right. They swept around from the rear, and driving back the enemy entered the trenches to the right of the line held by Col. Devane, with the assistance of Capt. Preston. This occurred a little before dark, and from that time the enemy were kept out of the trenches entirely, as far up as our line of fire extended. Col. McKethan being wounded, the command of the extreme right remained with Capt. Lippitt, of his regiment. The enemy for a period of two hours made repeated advances in heavy force against my entire front, but especially against the right. They did not however at any time approach nearer than twenty yards of the right, commanded by Capt. Lippitt, but were always driven back by his fire in front, but chiefly by the oblique enfilading fire of my entire brigade, which could reach them as soon as they came up the hill into the field, and cut them to pieces so, that after two or three volleys they invariably broke and ran to the rear. These movements, with attacks occasionally along my whole front, were kept up until nearly 10 o'clock, when they ceased, the enemy keeping themselves back where they could be sheltered by the hill in front of the right. About the time I was able to send back a report to Maj. Gen. Hoke that the line on my right was entirely clear of the enemy, a body of men came up the trenches from my left. The officer in their front, on being hailed, told me that he had a portion of the 34th Va., which had been rallied in the rear, and he was bringing them up to aid me. I am not sure that I remember the name he announced to me, but you, Colonel, can, if you do not already know, easily ascertain which officer it was. Being rejoiced at the arrival of the first reinforcements, and fearing that the enemy might renew their attacks, I told him he would find the trenches open on my right, and ordered him to move up at once into them. This occurred, I think, about 10 o'clock. After a portion of this regiment passed, it stopped in the trenches. It did not advance even its front to my right, but stopped one or two hundred yards short of the right of my line, and filled up the trenches so as to cause complaints from my officers. While passing up and down the rear of my line several times, I urged them to get out of the trench and move in that way to the right, assuring them that there was then little danger as I had constantly been moving myself to the rear of the trench. I induced at one time probably a dozen of the privates to get out of the ditch and move up towards the right, but the body of the detachment continued to rest in the trench so as to crowd the men of my brigade already there, in spite of all my efforts to remove them. It was then stated to me that "the men of Capt. ——'s company were urging him to move forward, but that he would not go." (I do not mention his name because possibly there may have been a mistake as to his conduct.) I at once said, "go and tell Capt. ——, that if he does not move on as his men desire, I will have him bayoneted in the trenches." Soon after I was informed that the officer in charge of the regiment, though previously repeatedly urged to go forward, was still down in the ditch, I sent an officer to him with orders to say that if, in defiance of the frequent orders given or sent to him, he did not move in some direction, I would have him reported and endeavor to procure his dismissal from the service. He made however no move, but soon after this, the 24th N. C. regiment of Gen. Ransom's brigade, came up likewise from my left, and on my informing the officer in command that I wished him to move up to the right and occupy a portion of the vacant trenches, he complied at once, and with his entire command moved rapidly by the 34th Va., and also my brigade, and took position in the trenches on my right. This occurred a little while before 11 o'clock, and soon after I heard, farther to the right, shouts and volleys of musketry, and was told by officers whom I sent to the right, that other regiments of General Ransom's brigade had advanced and occupied the remainder of the trenches on the right. Having ascertained that the entire line of the trenches were filled by our troops again, I, in passing by the officer in command of the 34th Va., stated the fact to him. Soon afterwards I was requested by a messenger from him to give him twenty-five yards space on my right to get in his men, and afterwards a second messenger asked for seventy-five yards for that purpose. I sent him word that I had given orders to my regiments and companies to return to their former positions at the beginning of the action, and that whatever space might be left on my right could be occupied by his men. This occurred about midnight when all the firing had ceased.

It is proper that I should state that the expressions I frequently used during the evening were intended to stimulate the officers and men. For this purpose I used both exhortation and denunciation at times. Knowing that the safety of Petersburg and of a large part of our army depended on the enemy's being held back, I wished to get every man in position as soon as possible. I may have been somewhat irritated at the time, too, by reports made to me that officers as well as men of the fleeing troops had endeavored to make my companies stationed to the right, retreat, by telling them that a large force of the enemy had passed to our rear, and also by reports brought from Petersburg during the progress of the battle, that Wise's brigade had fled through the town and across it beyond the river and spread consternation throughout the city. It is scarcely necessary for me to say that I have as high an appreciation of the conduct of the officers and men of Virginia generally, during this war, as of those of any other State, and that I know that good troops are sometimes seized with unaccountable panics. It should also be stated that the officers and men of Gen. Wise's brigade that evening assured me that a regiment of South Carolinians on their right gave way before they did; and others that an entire brigade gave way. I am satisfied that there was a large space vacant on the right of their position during the fight, but how it had been occupied I do not know. I was also informed by an officer of General Ransom's brigade, that when they advanced on the works to retake them, a South Carolina regiment, the 22nd, charged with them.

I regret that, to do justice to all mentioned, I have been compelled to make so long a statement.

And now, Colonel, having answered your enquiries, you must allow me to say, that I read with great astonishment a communication over your name in the Richmond *Enquirer*, dated June 29th, in which, utterly ignoring the presence of my brigade, you claim for your own and Ransom's, all the credit of the repulse of the enemy on that day, and the holding of the works. As your brigade left the works before sunset, and as Gen. Ransom's did not advance up to them until about 11 o'clock, did it not occur to you that some troops were engaged during these four hours? The crash of the musketry was so heavy that everybody in Petersburg seems to have been aware that an engagement of a serious character was going on. It was stated even in the newspapers of the next morning, that "Hoke's division stood like a wall of adamant," &c., to protect the city.—But it should be stated that my brigade was the only portion of Gen. Hoke's division engaged that evening. Gen. Martin states, that his brigade, the next to mine, was not engaged, while the other brigades were still farther from the battle. That resistance which for four long hours held back what is, I think, ascertained to have been two army corps of the enemy, was made alone by my brigade, aided by Capt. Preston's small command. The frequent shouts to cause the enemy to believe reinforcements were coming in, and the rapid and well aimed volleys which repulsed their repeated attacks, kept the space on my right vacant. They might have passed farther to the right beyond the reach of our fire, but seem to have been afraid to leave an obstinate force in their rear.

I have thus Colonel, while in the trench of my brigade, under the enemy's fire, written a hurried, but I hope accurate statement of the facts within my knowledge, necessary to a proper response to your enquiries. As I have used a pencil to write with, I must send this to the rear to have a legible copy made.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,
T. L. CLINGMAN, Brig. Gen.
Col. J. T. GOODE, Commd'g. Wise's Brigade.

HILL SIDE, Granville Co., N. C.
July 14th, 1864.

Messrs. Editors.—The Convention which met in Henderson on last Monday, nominated the following ticket, viz: For the Senate C. H. K. Taylor, Esq.: For the Commons, Col. John Hargrove, Dr. P. P. Peace and Capt. Ed. G. Cheatham. This ticket is for the Government, and supports the administrations of President Davis and Gov. Vance. They favor the conscription of militia officers, young magistrates and other State officers for which the State has no use. Upon these issues they do not hesitate to give *full* and *free* expressions of opinion. They give every encouragement to every project or law that has for its aim that advancement of our great struggle for independence—they utter not a word that could by any one be construed as giving aid and comfort to the enemy. In this respect they are *above suspicion*.

We heard all of the candidates speak at Henderson and at Kittrell's. My time, and your space would prevent a report of these speeches, if we had the inclination to give it. But there are a few things we shall report.

At Henderson, Col. L. C. Edwards' speech consisted in complaint and abuse of our Government, rulers and laws. He spoke not the first word of approval or encouragement for our Government, army, or cause; but upon the other hand spoke of "oppression" and "wrongs," without pointing out the remedy; (although we understand he has one,) He may become *bolder* before the election and offer *his remedy*. He is opposed to secession, but favors *revolution*. He says he will never secede from the Confederacy. When men speak of *revolution* favorably, but hate, abuse and condemn secession, they should be watched, for they are not what Cæsar wished his wife to be. The times demand a thorough exposition of the views of candidates, especially in reference to the achievement of our independence. Let him come out boldly for us, or put up no claims to loyalty. Our idea of loyalty may be too rigid; but if it consists of abuse or complaint of our Government, "Mr." Davis and Congress, we are free to say we do not wish to be considered *loyal*. And whenever we raise the cry of "oppression" and "wrong" under the Government that gives us protection, we shall feel ourselves called upon to "leave our country for our country's good."

At the conclusion of the speech above referred to, Capt. Geo. B. Harris, at the solicitation of a number of gentlemen, spoke in reply. We venture nothing in saying that no man ever received a severer or more merited rasping than did Col. Edwards at the hands of Capt. Harris. He was told that the speech he had heard, if delivered at the North would have called down applause and rejoicing, and that the doctrines he had listened to lead to negro equality. The speech of Capt. Harris, was applauded by the large crowd and he was often interrupted with cries of "that's so," showing clearly that there were few if any admirers of Col. E's speech.

In justice to the Colonel we must say, that at Kittrell's his remarks were not so rabid—he had moderated very much in twenty-four hours; (during which time we had a thunderstorm and refreshing shower of rain,) yet even then he lacked much of coming up to our standard of loyalty.

Next we notice the speech of the *self-nominated* candidate, Mr. Jenkins, who tried to follow in the wake of Col. Edwards, but materially failed for want of *information*. He was very bold in his declaration that "no man shall question my loyalty," and when in this defiant position, we thought he might make a good soldier. Suffice it to say, his loyalty does not come up to my standard.

We think when men who have never aided in our great struggle for independence, who have never suffered either in person or property, who have kept out of the army, and wish to do so now, whose position has even been such that they can truthfully say to the enemy in claiming "protection"—I have done nothing for which I should suffer—nothing but what I was *compelled* to do by the Confederate Government, and therefore ought to be protected, come forward and speak of "oppression" and "wrong," and ask to be sent to legislate for us, they should be informed by the people that we do not want their services in any such capacity. The people of this country will indignantly frown upon their doctrines, and consign their advocates to the army. More anon. H.

DIED,

In Hospital at Staunton, Va., of typhoid pneumonia, Ordnance Sergt. ALEXANDER MURDOCK, 2nd Regiment North Carolina Volunteers, Ransom's Brigade, Ewell's Corps.

In Louisburg, N. C., in the 15th year of her age, Miss EVELYN T. BOYKIN. Thus has death claimed as his own one of earth's fairest flowers.—Never has a more distressing event been recorded. Though our acquaintance with the deceased was short, we could but admire her many attractive qualities. Gentle, unassuming and aimable, she won the hearts of all who know her; and oh! how sadly do we feel that our community has lost one of its brightest ornaments. Without a murmur she peacefully and calmly passed into the spirit land. And may the God of mercy pour into the lacerated hearts of her distressed family the soothing balm of consolation:

Thou hast left us, dear Evie,
Thou art gone to be at rest,
Where with all the joys of heaven
Thou wilt be forever blest.

A FRIEND.

New Advertisements.

List of Letters

REMAINING uncalled for in the Post Office at Raleigh, N. C., July 16th, 1864. The postage on advertised letters is two cents each. Call for advertised letters and give date of list.

Anson Wm, Bonham Lt H C, Bringle L D, Bryson Lt Jas A, Burg Mrs C A, Brazel G W, Clanton W C, Causey J L, Clark Maj W M, Crawford J C, Carpenter Mrs Nancy, Davis Mrs M L, Driver Miss Martha, Etheridge J H, Edwards Mrs N S, Edwards Miss Isabella, Foster O H, Faller Wm, Goodwin Col, Gramp Wm, Gilbert Lt J S 2, Henly Miss Sarah, Hulland D V, Hogan John T, Horton R S, Ham W J, Horton M H, Hutcherson Dr E N, Hayne J T, Hughes M, Jones Rache, Irving Dr E, Lockhart J T, Lane Dr H C, Lewis Mrs R H, Maness John, Montgomery E M, McCalop J L, Marshall Aaron, Pell W E, Pope Silas, Pennington David, Potts Miss Martha, Singleton J C, Shaw Jacob, Smith A, Steel Lt S P, Thines Richard, Yount W C, Yarbrough, Wadell Person, White A J, Walton Miss Nancy, Walker J T, Williams Mrs A R.

GEO. T. COOKE, P. M.

Attractive Sale at Auction of Six PER CENT., LONG DATE, NON-TAXABLE BONDS.

ON THURSDAY, JULY 21ST, at 12 M., the Treasurer will sell at public auction, in the city of Richmond, at the office of Lancaster & Co., Five Millions of dollars of six per cent. bonds of the Confederate States, issued under the act of February 17th, 1864.

These bonds offer the largest inducements to purchasers. They have thirty years to run, bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, and are secured by a pledge of import and future export duties. Both principal and interest are free from taxation, and the coupons are made by the law equal to coin for the payment of duties on imports, which are allowed to be paid only in coin, sterling exchange, or the coupons of these bonds.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

The sale will be made in lots to suit purchasers. Ten per cent. on the amount of purchase must be deposited with the Treasurer, on the day of sale to be forfeited if the terms are not complied with, and the balance to be paid at the Treasury within ten days. The payments must be made in Treasury notes, of the new issue, or of the old issues of the denomination below one hundred dollars rated at two-thirds of the amount promised on the face.

(Signed) C. C. MEMMINGER,
Secretary of Treasury.
july 18-tds

Quartermaster's Department, C. S. A.,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C. JULY 15, 1864.

ATTENTION OF OFFICERS AND SOLdiers retired under the act of Congress to provide an Invalid Corps, approved February 17th, 1864, is called to the following paragraphs, General Order, No. 34, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Richmond, Va., March 18th, 1864.

IX. Officers retired under the act of Congress above recited, are entitled to commutation of quarters and fuel only when assigned to duty (as provided in Section 4th of said act) at a Station without troops, when public quarters cannot be furnished in kind. They will receive pay from any Post Quartermaster, upon exhibiting evidence of their retirement from active service, and the certificate of last payment required by paragraph IV, General Orders No. 28, and paragraph I, General Orders No. 126, 1864.

X. Soldiers retired from the service as herein provided, will be furnished with descriptive lists when in addition to the usual history given will exhibit the fact that they have been placed on the retired list, and designate the post at which they will be entitled to receive pay and allowances.—They will report to the Commandant of such Post, which will be nearest their place of residence, and deliver to him this descriptive list.

XI. Post Commanders are required to take possession of descriptive lists of all soldiers reporting to them, and from the date therein given at the end of every two months, to prepare muster rolls upon which these soldiers will receive pay from the Post Quartermaster or Assistant Quartermaster. They will append to each roll a certificate that it has been made out in accordance with statements presented in descriptive lists of the soldiers on file in his office.

XII. Officers of the Quartermaster's Department will issue necessary clothing to retired soldiers upon requisitions made by the Commandants of the post at which they are stationed, taking their receipts upon receipt rolls. Form No. 53, regulations, for the Quartermaster's Department.

XIII. Retired soldiers will have their rations commuted at $1.25 per day, to be paid by the Commissary at the post designated, under the order of the Commanding Officer.

W. W. PEIRCE,
Maj. and Chief Q. M., Dist. N. C.
july 18-3t

TELEGRAPHIC.

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. THRASHER, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

From Mississippi.

MOBILE, July 16.—General Maury has received the following dispatch, dated Tupelo, July 15th:

The enemy are in full retreat in the direction of Ripley.

(Signed) S. D. LEE.

Private dispatches report the fight heavy and the enemy badly whipped. Our loss also severe. Particulars not yet known.

Forrest received unexpected reinforcements of two hundred of Morgan's men, who were left in Kentucky, and being unable to rejoin Morgan, cut their way to Forrest, being the next best thing they could do.

From the North.

PETERSBURG, July 16.—The Washington *Chronicle* of the 14th has been received. The rebels commenced retreating from Washington Tuesday night, the federal cavalry followed in their rear on Wednesday, picking up some two or three hundred prisoners and some seventy five rebel wounded left at Silver Spring. Frank Blair's place was spared by Breckinridge on account of past intimacy with the owner. Montgomery Blair's residence was burnt to the ground with all its contents, inflicting, the *Chronicle* says, heavy loss on the Post Master General. It is supposed the rebels would re-cross to Virginia by Edwards' and Nelands Ferry. There was cavalry skirmishing near Bladensbury Tuesday morning, in which the federals admit a loss of thirty. A hand car was sent through to Baltimore on Wednesday and the regular trains would run Thursday. There were no bridges burnt on the Washington and Baltimore roads. Gunpowder bridge will take ten days to repair it. Gen. Tyler is safe at Frederick. The *Chronicle* says the rebels destroyed and carried off a million bushels of grain and all the horses, and a large number of cattle. The *Chronicle* says the raiders have done important service to the federal Government in rallying the people to its support; as no appeal on the part of the authorities could have done so, and have made easy what would otherwise been a difficult task, of recruiting the army to the extent deemed necessary.

Still Later from the North.

RICHMOND, July 17.—New York papers of the 13th and the Washington Chronicle of the 14th, have been received; they give full details of the invasion of Maryland. The rebels demanded a contribution of twenty thousand dollars in Green backs the money was paid.

The streets of the city were literally filled with horses and cattle collected by foraging parties in the vecinity, all of which were sent across the Potomac. Philadelphia was greatly excited Monday, and business generally suspended. A large meeting was held in Independence square.

In a skirmish near Washington Wednesday night, the 3rd brigade of the 6th corps lost six commanders of regiments. Prisoners say the demonstration of the raiders at Washington was to cover the retreat of their main body with a large quantity of plunder.

Gold in New York on the 12th opened at 281, and closed at 275.

Baltimore papers of the 14th, say the enemy recrossed the Potomac near Poolsville, driving two thousand head of cattle before them.

General Franklin escaped near Rastortown, the guard having fallen asleep.

From Georgia.

ATLANTA, July 16.—There are rumors of another attempt by the enemy to cut the West Point Railroad in circulation, but there is nothing certain of the movement yet known.

The following official report was sent by Col. Coleman of Gen. Johnston's staff to Headquarters dated last night.

HEADQUR'S IN THE FIELD.—Since the failure of the enemy to cut the West Point Railroad near Newnan, both armies have been quiet and occupy their former positions. Our men are much improved by rest and bathing and are in fine spirits.

Speaking of the loss of the Alabama, the Manchester (England) Examiner, a rank abolition sheet, says:

Thus ends the career of one of the most notorious ships of modern times. Costly as has been her career to Federal commerce, she has been hardly less costly to this country. She has sown a legacy of distrust and of future apprehension on both sides of the Atlantic; and happy will it be both for England and America if with her, beneath the waters of the Channel, may be buried the memory of her career and of the mischief she has done.

A "City Point, correspondent of the New York *Herald* has been reading the Confederate newspapers, and says of them that "their general tone is as determined and defiant as ever." He should have added, "and they speak the unanimous sentiment of the Confederate army and people."

AN INFANT DIED.

He took the cup of life to sip,
For bitter 'twas to drain:
He put it meekly from his lip,
And went to sleep again.

Gov. Vance's Appointments.

Oxford,	Thursday, July	21st.
Gold Hill, Rowan Co.,	Monday, "	25th.
Albemarle,	Tuesday, "	26th.
Troy,	Wednesday, "	27th.
Rockingham,	Friday, "	29th.
Lumberton,	Saturday, "	30th.

Friends will please provide a conveyance for two from place to place.

Funeral Notice.

The Funeral of Mrs. Lucy C., consort of R. R. HILL, of Fredericksburg, and daughter of the late George D. Baskarville, of Petersburg, will take place at the Episcopal Church this morning at 11 o'clock.

LOST,

ON SATURDAY EVENING, 16TH INST., somewhere between the Hillsboro' road, near the city, and the old depot, a GOLD HUNTING CASE WATCH, without guard or chain. The finder will be thanked and rewarded by leaving it at THIS OFFICE.
july 18-2t

Johnston County.

WE are authorized to announce C. B. SANDERS for the Senate, and H. H. FINCH and JESSE HINNANT for the Commons, to represent Johnston county in the next Legislature. They are in favor of the re-election of Governor Vance, and opposed to Mr. Holden's Convention project.
july 18-tde